



Maths Curriculum Year 5 : Summer 1 Medium Term Planning

W	Title	Curriculum objective
1	Calculations: Number Negative numbers and Roman numerals	To count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1,000,000. To interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers through zero. To round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10,000 and 100,000. To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above. To solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above.
2	Calculations: Addition and Subtraction Adding and subtracting large and small numbers	To add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using efficient written methods (columnar addition and subtraction). To add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers. To solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. To use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy. To solve problems involving numbers up to three decimal places.
3	Calculations: Multiplication and Division Long multiplication and division with remainders	To multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using an efficient written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers. To divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the efficient written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context. To solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign.
4	Fractions Working with fractions	To recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other; write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number: $2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 = 11/5$. To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and multiples of the same number.
5	Geometry of Shape Diagonals and problems involving angles	To know angles are measured in degrees; estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles To draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ($^{\circ}$). To identify: angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°); angles at a point on a straight line and $1/2$ a turn (total 180°); other multiples of 90° . To use the properties of a rectangle to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles. To distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles.
6	Geometry of Shape Diagonals and problems involving angles	To estimate volume (e.g. using 1 cm^3 blocks to build cubes and cuboids) and capacity (e.g. using water). To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling To solve problems involving converting between units of time.
Assess and review		To assess and review the half-term's work.